# ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge And Honorable County Commissioners County of Zapata, Texas

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Zapata, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Zapata, Texas, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in

accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Zapata, Texas' basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and schedule of expenditures of state awards, as required by *Texas Grant Management Standards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of state awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 9, 2024, on our consideration of the County of Zapata, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Zapata, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Canala. Harga & Baum, PLLC

Laredo, Texas February 9, 2024

# **Zapata County**

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Zapata County's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

# **Financial Highlights**

The assets of Zapata County exceeded its liabilities of the most recent fiscal year by \$74,766,907 (net assets) at September 30, 2022. Of this amount, \$11,449,549 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The County's total net assets increased by \$2,168,288.

The County's total combined Proprietary Fund net assets was \$11,130,575 September 30, 2022.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,139,075, a decrease of \$3,313,604 in comparison with the prior period. Approximately 52% of this total amount, \$6,811,969, is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The government-wide financial statements include only the County itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements:** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

#### Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 and 16 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The County maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer funds, Airport fund and the Sheriff's Commissary fund.

Fiduciary funds. The County is agent for certain funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position, found on page 21. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

# *Notes to the financial statements:*

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-52 of this report.

# Other information:

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 45-55 of this report.

# Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash, or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.

Restricted - This classification includes amounts for which the constraints that have been placed on the use of the resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

Committed - This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by order of the Board of Directors, the County's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the fund were initially committed.

Assigned - This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of Zapata County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$74,766,907 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the County's net assets (\$5 - 70%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, infrastructure and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021
Current and Other Assets	\$ 25,272,272	\$ 21,777,109
Capital Assets	89,563,397	88,237,841
Total Assets	114,835,669	110,014,950
Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,209,649	6,202,847
Long-term Liabilities	31,034,804	33,689,188
Other Liabilities	5,469,938	7,594,403
Total Liabilities	36,504,742	42,727,194
Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,773,669	2,335,587
Invested in Capital Assets, net		
of Related Debt	56,990,252	51,401,544
Reserved for Other Purposes	6,251,383	4,188,324
Reserved for Debt Service	75,723	(48,694)
Unrestricted	11,449,549	17,057,445
Total Net Assets	\$ 74,766,907	\$ 72,598,619

# **Government-wide Financial Activities**

Government-wide financial activities increased the County's net assets by \$2,168,288.

	9	9/30/2022		9/30/2021
Revenues:				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$	5,957,549	\$	5,608,731
Operating grants		4,001,867		3,047,872
Capital grants		84,092		81,264
General revenues				
Property taxes		9,745,511		9,145,162
Sales and miscellaneous taxes		2,666,944		2,515,328
Investment earnings		69,979		42,672
Other financing sources		-		-
Miscellaneous		6,205,540		4,514,599
Total Revenue		28,731,482		24,955,628

	9/30/2022	9/30/2021
Expenses:		
General government	4,560,209	5,116,648
Public safety	6,601,188	5,351,903
Justice system	1,581,892	1,338,030
Health and human services	1,699,135	1,592,200
Infrastructure and environmental serv.	2,702,263	3,012,235
Correction and rehabilitation	2,624,430	2,238,764
Community and economic develop.	406,277	487,277
Interest and fiscal charges	307,029	288,047
Business type activities	6,080,771	5,410,413
Total Expenses	26,563,194	24,835,517
Increase/(Decrease) in net assets	2,168,288	120,111
Beginning net assets	72,598,619	72,279,881
Prior Period Adjustment	<u> </u>	198,627
Ending net assets	\$ 74,766,907	\$ 72,598,619

Revenues and expenses by source-government-wide financial activities:

		2022	
Revenues:	•	Amount	%
Charges for services	\$	5,957,549	23.9%
Operating grants		4,001,867	16.0%
Capital grants		84,092	0.3%
Property taxes		9,745,511	39.1%
Sales and miscellaneous taxes		2,666,944	10.7%
Investment earnings		69,979	0.3%
Miscellaneous		6,205,540	24.9%
Total Revenue	\$	28,731,482	115.1%
Expenses:			
General government	\$	4,560,209	18.4%
Public safety		6,601,188	26.6%
Justice system		1,581,892	6.4%
Health and human services		1,699,135	6.8%
Infrastructure and environmental serv.		2,702,263	10.9%
Correction and rehabilitation		2,624,430	10.6%
Community and economic develop.		406,277	1.6%
Interest and fiscal charges		307,029	1.2%
Business type activities		6,080,771	24.5%
Total Expenses	\$	26,563,194	107.0%

# **Financial Analysis of the County's Funds**

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

# Governmental funds:

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,139,075, a decrease of \$3,313,604 in comparison with the prior period. Approximately, 52% of this total amount, \$6,811,969 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted or committed as follows:

Restricted:	
General Administration	\$ 300,203
Public Safety	(208,811)
Justice System	(115,447)
Health and Human Services	68,755
Infrastructure and Environmental Services	349,261
Community and Econcomic Development	(23,387)
Capital Outlay	108,753
Debt Service	75,723
Total Restricted	555,050
Committed:	
Landfill	916,825
Airport	340,080
Veleno Bridge	58,302
Catastrophic Fund	3,571,043
Oil and Gas	885,806
Total Committed	5,772,056
Total Restricted and Committed Funds	\$ 6,327,106

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$6,811,969, while total fund balance was \$12,584,025. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 40% of total general fund pro-rated expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 74% of that same amount. The fund balance of the County's general fund increased by \$270,976 during the current fiscal year.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for the governmental funds. The County General Fund budgeted \$14,077,970 in total revenues and transfers in and \$15,728,074 in total expenditures and transfers out. Actual governmental fund revenues and transfers in were \$17,295,209 for a favorable variance compared to budgeted revenues of \$3,217,239. Actual governmental fund expenditures and transfers out were \$17,024,233 for an unfavorable variance compared to budgeted expenditures of \$1,296,159.

# **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets:

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$89,563,397 (net of accumulated depreciation).

	2022	2021
Land	\$ 2,319,841	\$ 2,319,841
Infrastructure	70,514,971	68,028,993
Buildings and improvements	57,883,186	57,883,186
Equipment and furniture	16,813,333	14,724,475
Accumulated depreciation	(57,967,934)	(54,718,654)
Total	\$ 89,563,397	\$ 88,237,841

# Long-term debt:

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had the following long-term debt:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	Due After
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One year	One Year
Combined Tax & Revenue C/O, Series 2013	800,000	-	100,000	700,000	105,000	595,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2017	4,790,000	-	895,000	3,895,000	925,000	2,970,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2019	1,905,000	-	125,000	1,780,000	125,000	1,655,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2021	4,270,000	-	475,000	3,795,000	470,000	3,325,000
Capital Leases	142,333	-	60,399	81,934	58,638	23,296
Zapata National Bank (Election Equipment)	74,768	-	35,504	39,264	39,264	-
Compensated Absences	525,476	47,101	-	572,577	-	572,577
Land Closure & Postclosure Costs	918,127	54,170		972,297		972,297
Total	13,425,704	101,271	1,690,903	11,836,072	1,722,902	10,113,170
Business-Type Activities:						
TWDB EDAP, Series 2006	9,387,000	-	494,000	8,893,000	494,000	8,399,000
TWDB CWSRF, Series 2008	3,525,000	-	320,000	3,205,000	320,000	2,885,000
TX Waterworks & Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	801,000	-	16,000	785,000	17,000	768,000
USDA Series 2017 A (Sewer Plant)	4,561,636	-	80,000	4,481,636	80,000	4,401,636
USDA Series 2017 B (Sewer Plant)	3,733,828	-	67,000	3,666,828	67,000	3,599,828
San Ygnacio MUD Loan #5093392427	380,695	-	36,655	344,040	344,040	-
San Ygnacio MUD Loan #5093392428	36,621	-	14,503	22,118	22,118	-
Digital Water Meters Loan	984,813	-	100,488	884,325	103,321	781,004
Compensated Absences	85,625	1,541		87,166		87,166
Total	23,496,218	1,541	1,128,646	22,369,113	1,447,479	20,921,634
Grand Total	\$ 36,921,922	\$ 102,812	\$ 2,819,549	\$ 34,205,185	\$ 3,170,381	\$ 31,034,804

The County total debt decreased by \$2,716,737 during the current fiscal year.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The taxable value used for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023 budget preparation increased approximately 11% from fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.
- The tax rate established for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022 budget is \$.924026, which is the same as the prior year.
- Inflationary trends in the region are comparable to national indices.

#### CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with an overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Zapata County Auditor's Office, 200 E. 7<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Suite 157, Zapata, Texas, 78076.

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		Р	RIMAR'	Y GOVERNMEN	ΙΤ	
	GO\	/ERNMENTAL	BUS	INESS-TYPE		
		ACTIVITIES	A	CTIVITIES		TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,713,884	\$	4,191,917	\$	12,905,801
Receivables (net of allowance)		4,307,525		958,470		5,265,995
Internal Balances		4,329,373		(4,329,373)		-
Net Pension Asset		7,100,476		-		7,100,476
Capital Assets		4 554 040		705 004		0.040.044
Land		1,554,640		765,201		2,319,841
Infrastructure		23,630,560		46,884,411		70,514,971
Building and Improvements Equipment and Furniture		55,613,522		2,269,664		57,883,186
Less: accumulated depreciation		13,752,851		3,060,482		16,813,333
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS		(38,354,429) 56,197,144		(19,613,505) 33,366,253		(57,967,934) 89,563,397
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS		80,648,402		34,187,267		114,835,669
TOTAL ASSETS		00,040,402		34, 107,207		114,033,009
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		5,209,649		-		5,209,649
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,209,649		-		5,209,649
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		402.178		245,010		647,188
Accrued Wages Payable		341,287		45,352		386,639
Net Pension Obligations - OPEB		868,513		-0,002		868,513
Consumer Meter Deposits		-		397,217		397,217
Long-term liabilities				,		,
Due within one year						
Bonds		1,722,902		1,447,479		3,170,381
Due in more than one year						
Bonds		8,568,296		20,834,468		29,402,764
Compensated Absences		572,577		87,166		659,743
Land Closure & Postclosure Costs		972,297				972,297
Total Liabilities		13,448,050		23,056,692		36,504,742
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		8,773,669		_		8,773,669
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,773,669		<del></del>		8,773,669
Total Bolottod Illiows of Nessources		0,770,000		_		0,110,000
NET POSITION						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		45,905,946		11,084,306		56,990,252
Restricted:						
Debt Service		75,723		-		75,723
Other Purposes		6,251,383		<del>.</del> .		6,251,383
Unrestricted	-	11,403,280		46,269		11,449,549
Total Net Position	\$	63,636,332	\$	11,130,575	\$	74,766,907

				ш.	Program Revenues		Net (Ex Reven	Net (Expense) Revenue and	Net (Expense)
		ı	Ç	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Chang	Changes In	Revenue and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	ses	Ser	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government Governmental Activies:									
General Government	\$ 4,56	4,560,209	↔	159,434	\$ 2,345,297		\$ (2,055,478)		\$ (2,055,478)
Public Safety	0,90	6,601,188		7,320	1,115,170		(5,478,698)		(5,478,698)
Justice System	1,58	,581,892		48,500	206,447		(1,326,945)		(1,326,945)
Health and Human Services	1,69	1,699,135		6,188	334,953		(1,357,994)		(1,357,994)
Infrastructure and Environmental Services	2,70	2,702,263		416,159		11,693	(2,274,411)		(2,274,411)
Correction and Rehabilitation	2,62	2,624,430				008 66	(2,624,430)		(2,624,430)
Collinging and Economic Development Interest and Fiscal Charges	300	406,277 307.029				22,300	(307.029)		(307.029)
Total Govemmental Activities	20,48	20,482,423		637,601	4,001,867	33,993	(15,808,962)		(15,808,962)
Business-Type Activities	2	600 000	c	2 787 230				(260 603)	(200 696)
אמופו רומווו	2, 6	00,223	ິ.	000,707,				(202,033)	(202,033)
Sewer Plant	1,82	1,826,557	<del>-</del>	1,358,942		000		(467,615)	(467,615)
All port Sheriff Commissary	<u> </u>	41,701 82,290		93.577		880'0c		6,497	6,497
Total Business-Type Activities	90'9	6,080,771	5	5,319,948		20,099		(710,724)	(710,724)
Total Primary Government	26,56	26,563,194	5	5,957,549	4,001,867	84,092	(15,808,962)	(710,724)	(16,519,686)
General Revenues Property Taxes, Levies for General Purposes							9,745,511		9,745,511
Penalty and interest on taxes							492.730		492.730
Sales and Miscellaneous Taxes							2,174,214		2,174,214
Fines and Forfeitures							419,378		419,378
Unrestricted Investment Earnings							66,584	3,395	62,69
Miscellaneous							5,786,162	•	5,786,162
Transfers In/(Out)							(622,259)	622,259	•
Total General Revenues and Transfers							18 062 320	625 654	18 687 974
Change in Net Position							2 253 358	(85,070)	2 168 288
Net Position - Beginning							61,382,974	11,215,645	72,598,619
Prior Period Adjustment									
Net Position - Ending							\$ 63,636,332	\$ 11,130,575	\$ 74,766,907

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	 GENERAL FUND	;	DEBT SERVICE	SE	CO'S RIES 2021	GOV	OTHER /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, net Due from Other Funds	\$ 4,359,966 2,534,113 8,696,124	\$	1,344,465 703,034 -	\$	443,244 - -	\$	2,566,209 1,070,378 167,022	\$ 8,713,884 4,307,525 8,863,146
Total Assets	 15,590,203		2,047,499		443,244		3,803,609	 21,884,555
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	404.464				0.000		004 400	400 470
Accounts Payable	191,494		-		9,202		201,482	402,178
Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds	280,571		- 1,268,742		-		60,716 3,265,031	341,287
Deferred Revenues	2,534,113		703,034		-		231,095	4,533,773 3,468,242
Deletted Neverlues	 2,004,110		703,034		<u>-</u>		231,093	 3,400,242
Total Liabilities	 3,006,178		1,971,776		9,202		3,758,324	 8,745,480
Fund Balances: Restricted: General Government Public Safety Justice System Health and Human Services Infrastructure and Environmental Services Community and Economic Development Capital Outlay Debt Service Commited: Unassigned:	5,772,056 6,811,969		75,723		434,042	_	300,203 (208,811) (115,447) 68,755 349,261 (23,387) (325,289)	300,203 (208,811) (115,447) 68,755 349,261 (23,387) 108,753 75,723 5,772,056 6,811,969
Total Fund Balances	 12,584,025		75,723		434,042		45,285	 13,139,075
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 15,590,203	\$	2,047,499	\$	443,244	\$	3,803,609	\$ 21,884,555

ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 13,139,075
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds	56,197,144
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds (net if allowance for uncollectible)	3,468,242
Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$7,100,476), net pension obligation - OPEB required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$(868,513), a deferred resources outflows related to TCDRS in the amount of \$5,209,649 and a deferred resources inflows related to TCDRS in the amount of \$(8,773,669)	2,667,943
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, compensated absences, and closure and post closure costs are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(11,836,072)
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net assets	\$ 63,636,332

# ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		GENERAL FUND	DEBT SERVICE	SE	CO'S ERIES 2021	GO\	OTHER /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL
REVENUES:			 					
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	6,603,538	\$ 2,515,725	\$	-	\$	721,708	\$ 9,840,971
Sales and Miscellaneous Taxes		1,995,750	-		-		138,341	2,134,091
Penalty and Interest on Taxes		343,085	116,934		-		32,711	492,730
Franchise Taxes		40,123	-		-		-	40,123
Intergovernmental		2,345,297	-		-		1,690,563	4,035,860
Licenses and Permits		7,514	-		-		416,159	423,673
Charges for Services		156,538	-		-		57,390	213,928
Fees and Fines		-	-		-		419,378	419,378
Interest		51,976	3,198		6,971		4,439	66,584
Miscellaneous		5,661,388	 -				124,774	 5,786,162
Total Revenues		17,205,209	 2,635,857		6,971		3,605,463	 23,453,500
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:		E 770 E00			6 700		70.240	E 0E0 700
General government		5,772,590	-		6,790		79,348	5,858,728
Judicial		1,283,889 4,756,041	-		-		294,777 1,225,416	1,578,666
Public safety Infrastructure and environmental services		99,301	-		-		1,556,467	5,981,457 1,655,768
Corrections and rehabilitation		2,582,673	-		-			2,582,673
Health and human services		, ,	-		-		- 420 162	, ,
		1,087,696	-		-		420,162	1,507,858 406,927
Community and economic development		406,927	-		2 404 204		-	,
Capital outlay Debt Service:		501,419	-		3,464,291		609,126	4,574,836
Principal Principal		95,903	1,595,000		_		_	1,690,903
Interest and Fiscal Charges		12,848	294,181		_		_	307,029
Total Expenditures	-	16,599,287	 1,889,181		3,471,081		4,185,296	 26,144,845
·		· · · ·	 					 · · · · · ·
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		605,922	 746,676		(3,464,110)		(579,833)	 (2,691,345)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating Transfers In		90,000					424,946	514,946
Operating Transfers Out		(424,946)	(622,259)		-		(90,000)	(1,137,205)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(334,946)	 (622,259)	-	-		334,946	 (622,259)
Net Change in Fund Balances		270,976	 124,417		(3,464,110)		(244,887)	(3,313,604)
Prior Period Adjustment		-			- '		- '	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		12,313,049	 (48,694)		3,898,152		290,172	 16,452,679
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	12,584,025	\$ 75,723	\$	434,042	\$	45,285	\$ 13,139,075

ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (3,313,604)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays was exceeded by depreciation expense in the current period.	2,570,818
Long-term liabilities, including loan proceeds, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	-
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(95,460)
The implementation of GASB 68 and 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resources outflows.	1,501,972
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but not an expense in the statement of activities	1,690,903
Compensated Absences and Land Closure & Postclosure Costs recorded for entity wide financial statements	(101,271)
Change in net assets of governmental activities - statement of activities	\$ 2,253,358

#### ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	WATER PLANT	SEWER PLANT	AIRPORT	SHERIFF COMMISSARY	TOTALS
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,347,014	\$ 113,264	\$ 613,753	\$ 117,886	\$ 4,191,917
Receivables, net	670,929	287,541	-	-	958,470
Total current assets	4,017,943	400,805	613,753	117,886	5,150,387
Non-current assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land	459,121	306,080	-	-	765,201
Equipment and furniture	1,925,096	1,135,386	-	-	3,060,482
Buildings and improvements	1,556,296	656,558	56,810	-	2,269,664
Infrastructure	23,683,844	23,200,567	-	-	46,884,411
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(13,455,317)	(6,101,378)	(56,810)	-	(19,613,505)
Total non-current assets	14,169,040	19,197,213	-	-	33,366,253
Total assets	18,186,983	19,598,018	613,753	117,886	38,516,640
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	165,699	72,509	6,802	-	245,010
Accrued Expenses	31,554	13,798	-	-	45,352
Customer Deposits	397,217	-	-	-	397,217
Due to Other Funds	1,171,752	2,626,660	530,961	-	4,329,373
Bonds, notes and loans payable	963,479	484,000			1,447,479
Total current liabilities	2,729,701	3,196,967	537,763		6,464,431
Non-current liabilities					
Bonds, notes and loans payable	9,180,004	11,654,464	_	_	20,834,468
Compensated Absences	63,717	23,449	-	-	87,166
Total non-current liabilities	9,243,721	11,677,913	-		20,921,634
Total liabilities	11,973,422	14,874,880	537,763	-	27,386,065
NET POSITION					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,025,557	7,058,749			11,084,306
Restricted	4,023,337	7,000,749	-	-	11,004,300
Unrestricted	2,188,004	(2,335,611)	75,990	117,886	46,269
Total net position	\$ 6,213,561	\$ 4,723,138	\$ 75,990	\$ 117,886	\$ 11,130,575
•			·		

#### ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	WATER	ER SEWER						
	PLANT		PLANT	AIRPORT	COMMISSARY		TOTALS	
OPERATING REVENUES	_				•		<u> </u>	
Charges for Services	\$ 3,767,330	\$	1,358,942	\$ 11,305	\$	- \$	5,137,577	
Sales of products	-		-	88,794	93,57		182,371	
Total operating revenues	 3,767,330		1,358,942	 100,099	93,577		5,319,948	
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personal Services	1,228,756		481,475	-	-		1,710,231	
Utilities	76,431		100,420	-	-		176,851	
Repairs and maintenance	646,438		347,314	102,470	_		1,096,222	
Contractual	728,138		-	-	-		728,138	
Other supplies and expenses	648,716		122,211	39,231	82,290	)	892,448	
Depreciation	660,759		584,502	-	-		1,245,261	
Total Operating Expenses	3,989,238		1,635,922	141,701	82,290	)	5,849,151	
Operating Income (Loss)	(221,908)		(276,980)	(41,602)	11,287		(529,203)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest Income	3,034		31	330	-		3,395	
Intergovernmental	-		-	50,099	-		50,099	
Transfers In/(Out)	622,259		-	-	-		622,259	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(40,985)		(190,635)				(231,620)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses	 584,308		(190,604)	 50,429			444,133	
Income Before Transfers Transfers In (Out) - Net	 362,400 -		(467,584) -	 8,827	11,28	, 	(85,070)	
Changes in Net Assets	362,400		(467,584)	8,827	11,28	7	(85,070)	
Total Net Assets - Beginning	5,851,161		5,190,722	67,163	106,599	)	11,215,645	
Prior Period Adjustment	 			 <u>-</u>			-	
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 6,213,561	\$	4,723,138	\$ 75,990	\$ 117,886	\$	11,130,575	

#### ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Enterpris	se Fui	nds	_			
		WATER PLANT		SEWER PLANT	۸	IRPORT		HERIFF IMISSARY		TOTALS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		FLANT		FLANT		INFORT	COIV	IIVIIOOANT		TOTALS
Receipts from customers and users	\$	3,681,732	\$	1,323,078	\$	100,099	\$	93,577	\$	5,198,486
Payments to employees	·	(1,230,694)	•	(473,077)	·	-	·	-	•	(1,703,771)
Payments to vendors, suppliers, and insurance administrators		(1,049,391)		(409,270)		(145,495)		(82,290)		(1,686,446)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1,401,647		440,731		(45,396)		11,287		1,808,269
CASH FLOW FOR NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED										
FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Intergovernmental Transfers		622,259		-		-		-		622,259
Net cash provided (used) by non-capita										
and related financing activities		622,259								622,259
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED										
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments on capital debt		(64E 646)		(483,000)						(1 100 646)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and		(645,646)		(463,000)						(1,128,646)
related financing activities		(645,646)		(483,000)		-		_		(1,128,646)
										<u> </u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		2.024		24		220				2 205
Interest Received Intergovernmental		3,034		31		330 50.099		-		3,395 50.099
Intergovernmental Interest and fiscal charges		(40,985)		(190,635)		50,099		-		(231,620)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(37,951)		(190,604)		50,429				(178,126)
p		(01,001)		(100,000)						(:::)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,340,309		(232,873)		5,033		11,287		1,123,756
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,006,705		346,137		608,720		106,599		3,068,161
Cash and cash equivalents at ending of year		3,347,014		113,264		613,753		117,886		4,191,917
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO										
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<b>&gt;</b> :	(221,908)		(276,980)		(41,602)		11,287		(529,203)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided		(221,900)		(270,900)		(41,002)		11,201		(329,203)
by operating activities:										
Depreciation		660,759		584,502		-		-		1,245,261
Change in assets and liabilities:										
Receivables, net		(11,144)		(35,863)		-		-		(47,007)
Accounts and other payables		973,940		169,072		(3,794)		-		1,139,218
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,401,647	\$	440,731	\$	(45,396)	\$	11,287	\$	1,808,269

# ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,653,186					
Total current assets	3,653,186					
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION						
LIABILITIES						
Held in trust	1,981,258					
Due to other governments	878,421					
Refunds payable and others	793,507					
Total liabilities	3,653,186					
NET POSITION	_					

\$ 3,653,186

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The authority of county governments and their specific functions and responsibilities are created by and dependent upon laws and legal regulations of the Texas State Constitution and Zapata County (the County) operates under a county judge/commissioners court type of government as provided by state statute. The accounting methods and procedures adopted by the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the Financial Standards Board (FASB). The following represent the most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

#### A. Reporting Entity

Zapata County, Texas is governed by an elected five member commissioner's court. The County has no oversight responsibility for any other government entity since no other entities are considered to be controlled by or dependent on the County. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, and appointment of the respective governing board.

The County provides the following services to its citizens: public safety, judicial and legal services, public transportation, health and human services, culture and recreation facilities, conservation, public facilities, election functions, and general and financial administrative services.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for government funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The General fund is reported as a major fund and is reported in a separate column in the fund financial statements.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual bases of accounting, as* are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Fees and fines are considered as earned when paid. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if collected within 120 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Intergovernmental revenues, rents, commissions, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County, which includes delinquent property taxes, licenses, fees and fines. For grants, like the government-wide financial statements, the revenue is recognized when all the eligibility requirements have been met.

The County reports the following as major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All other governmental funds are combined and reported as nonmajor.

The **Debt Service Fund** is the County's fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest on short- and long-term debt.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Fund – The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Project Fund – The Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The **Proprietary Funds** are used to account for the County's ongoing operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows are necessary or useful for sound financial administration.

Enterprise Fund – The enterprise funds are used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the costs, be of providing services including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) has pricing policy designed for the fees and charges to recover similar costs. The County may additionally elect to treat other County business similarly.

The **Fiduciary Funds** are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support County programs. The reporting focus is upon net position and changes in fund balances and employs accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Trust Fund – Trust funds account for the assets that are held for the benefit of others or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Trust funds are distinguished from agency funds generally by the existence of a trust agreement that affects the degree

of management and the length of time that the resources are held. The County currently does not have any trust funds that meet this definition.

Agency Fund – Agency funds account for the assets that are held for the benefit of others or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds solely in a custodial capacity. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes and the County's official Investment Policy authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. and its agencies, certificates of deposit, local government pools, repurchase agreements, money market mutual funds and direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies.

Investments for the County, when applicable, are reported at fair market value. All investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund's statement of activity and or statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance.

The County considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than 90 days to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents at year-end include demand deposits and repurchase agreements. Statutes give the County the authority to invest the funds in obligations of the United States, direct obligations of the State of Texas, other obligations guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States, obligations of states, agencies, counties, or cities of any state that have been rated not less than one or its equivalent by a nationally recognized investment firm, certificates of deposit guaranteed, insured or secured by approved obligations, prime domestic bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, fully collateralized repurchase agreements and an SEC-registered, no-load money market mutual fund whose assets consist exclusively of approved obligations.

State statutes and the adopted Investment Policy govern the County's cash and investment policies. The County's policies governing bank deposits require depositories to be FDIC-insured institutions and depositories must fully collateralize all deposits in excess of FDIC insurance limits. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank, approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect the County funds on a day-to-day basis. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

The cash in escrow account presented in the statement of net position – proprietary funds represent funds held in escrow for the Texas Water Development Board project. The County does not have check writing authority on this account. The administrator from the Texas Water Development Board can authorize to disburse fund from the escrow account to the County for eligible expenses.

#### **Receivables and Payables**

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade receivables are directly written-off when circumstances indicate a receivable is no longer collectible, usually within one year a receivable was incurred. Trade receivable allowance is determined based on the number of days a receivable is outstanding. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to 10 percent of delinquent outstanding property taxes at fiscal year-end.

Property taxes are levied prior to September 30 based on taxable value as of January 1 and become due October 1 and past due after January 31. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. On the governmental fund financial statements outstanding property taxes receivable is reported as deferred revenue.

Accounts receivables include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and unearned revenue (a liability) at the time the contracts are approved and signed. Grant revenues are recognized when eligibility requirements established by the grantor have been met, at which time unearned revenue (the liability account) is reduced.

Lending or borrowing between funds is reflected as "due to or due from" (current position) or "advances to/from other funds" (non-current). Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. Interfund activity reflected in "due to or due from" is eliminated on the government-wide statements.

#### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories comprise of expendable supplies and gasoline held for consumption. All inventory items are expensed when used. Reported inventories are offset by a reservation of fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventory policy on government-wide statements is consistent with fund statements.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. In the fund financial statements, advances and prepayments are offset by a reservation of fund balance which indicates they do not represent "available spendable resources".

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include land, building and improvements and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Improvements	20
Equipment	10-15
Automotive	6
Furniture	12
Heavy equipment	15
Computer equipment	7

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the County to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipes (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the County.

#### **Compensatory Time**

Overtime compensation shall be paid in the form of compensatory time off in accordance with the provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). Covered employees shall receive time off, with pay, at a rate of one and one-half times the amount of overtime worked. The maximum amount of unused compensatory time an employee shall be allowed to accrue is 240 hours. Law enforcement, emergency medical services (EMS), and fire personnel may accrue a maximum of 480 hours. Unused compensatory time is paid to an employee who terminates employment for any reason prior to using all earned compensatory time.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The maximum unpaid annual leave that can be accrued is 160 hours. If an employee has worked at least 12 months in a position which accrues vacation at the time the employee resigns, is dismissed, terminated employment due to a reduction in force, elimination in position, retires, or separates from employment for any reason, the employee shall receive pay for all unused vacation up to the maximum allowed under this policy.

#### **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Fund Balance Designations**

Certain fund balances or portions thereof have been reserved to indicate amounts that are not appropriate for expenditures or are legally segregated for a specific future purpose. Designation of a portion of the fund balance is established to indicate tentative plans for financial resource utilization in a future period.

#### **Fund Balance Classification**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.

Restricted - This classification includes amounts for which the constraints that have been placed on the use of the resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or by laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

Committed - This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by order of the Commissioners Court, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commissioners Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the fund were initially committed.

Assigned - This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Commissioners Court intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

#### **Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources**

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow or resource (revenue) until that time. Deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time.

	Governmental		
		Activities	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Outflows from Pension	\$	5,197,751	
Deferred Outflows from OPEB		11,898	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	5,209,649	
	_	overnmental	
	G	overnmental	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	G	overnmental Activities	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		Activities	
Deferred Inflows from Pension	G \$	Activities 8,717,035	
		Activities	

#### Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

# A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The Reconciliation of the Governmental funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are, therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the end of the year were as follows:

		Capital					Capital
	Α	ssets - Net				Α	ssets - Net
		(beg)	Additions	De	epreciation		(end)
Capital assets at end of year							_
Land	\$	1,554,640	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,554,640
Furniture and Equipment		3,302,933	2,088,858		498,843		4,892,948
Buildings and Improvements		37,023,552	-		1,129,446		35,894,106
Infrastructure		11,745,202	2,485,978		375,730		13,855,451
						\$	56,197,144

Long-term liabilities	Total
Combined Tax & Revenue C/O, Series 2013	700,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	3,895,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2019	1,780,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2021	3,795,000
Zapata National Bank	39,264
Capital Leases	81,934
Compensated Absences	572,577
Land Closure & Postclosure Costs	972,297
	\$ 11,836,072

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds provides a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net position balance and the change in net position. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

Current year capital outlay	
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 2,088,858
Total capital outlay	 4,574,836
Depreciation expense	(2,004,018)
	\$ 2,570,818

#### Note 3 - Stewardship, compliance and accountability

#### **Budgetary Information**

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The County Judge is the budget officer and has the responsibility of preparing the County's budgeted expenditures.
- 2. All County departments and organizations submit their budget requests to the County Judge for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1, by July 1.
- 3. During July, Commissioners Court conducts informal budget workshops with each department head to discuss their budget requests.
- 4. On or about July 31, the County Judge prepares a proposed budget to cover all proposed expenditures of the County for the current year. Copies of the proposed budget are filed with the County Clerk. The proposed budget is available for inspection by taxpayers.
- 5. After the filing of the proposed budget, on a date after August 15th, but prior to September 30 of the current year, Commissioners Court conducts a public hearing on the County's proposed budget. Any taxpayer of the County of Zapata had the right to present and participate in the hearing. At the conclusion of the hearing, the proposed budget, as prepared by the County Judge, is acted upon by the Commissioners Court. The Court had the authority to make such changes in the budget, as in its judgment the facts and the law warrant and the interest of the taxpayers demand, provided the amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds for the County do not exceed the balances in these funds as of October 1 plus the anticipated revenue for the current year for which the budget is made, as estimated by the County Judge.
- 6. Under no circumstances can Commissioners Court authorize expenditures that will exceed appropriations. Commissioners Court must authorize budget amendments transferring funds among different departments within the same fund.

Anytime any revisions are necessary that alter the total appropriations of any fund, Commissioners Court must enter an order setting forth how the budget is to be amended, declaring an emergency, finding that grave public necessity exists to meet unusual and unforeseen conditions which could not, by reasonably diligent thought and attention, have been included in the original budget.

Budgets adopted on an annual basis are consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, non-grant special revenue, and debt service funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Budgetary integration is not employed for capital projects funds, because they include projects which extend over a period of several years. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrances accounting – under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation – is utilized in the governmental funds to an extent. All outstanding purchase orders automatically carry over to encumbrance the next budget year unless Commissioner Court individually approves them as an encumbrance to the prior year. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. As of September 30, 2022, no encumbrances were approved by Commissioners Court to carry forward as an encumbrance from the 2022-23 budget.

#### Note 4 - Detailed Notes on all Funds

#### A. Deposits and Investments

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the County's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments and cash in escrow) was \$20,881,350. The County's cash deposits at September 30, 2022 and during the year ended September 30, 2022 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas in the County's name under a joint safekeeping agreement with Zapata National Bank of Texas.

#### County Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

#### **Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act**

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: 1) safety of principal and liquidity, 2) portfolio diversification, 3) allowable investments, 4) acceptable risk levels, 5) expected rates of return, 6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, 7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, 8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and 9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in 1) obligation of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) money market savings accounts, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. Zapata County, Texas is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Cash deposits held at financial institutions can be categorized into the following three categories of credit risk:

Category 1 - Deposits which are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agents in the entity's name.

Category 2 - Deposits which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

Category 3 – Deposits which are not collateralized.

Based on three levels of risk, all of the County's cash deposits are classified as Category 1.

Deposits – State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or obligations of Texas and its agencies that have a market value of not less

that the principal amount of the deposit. The County's deposits, including certificates of deposits, were fully insured or collateralized as required by the state statutes at September 30, 2022. At year-end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$20,881,350. Of the total bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, the remainder was covered by collateral by the Bank. The collateral is held by the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas in the County's name under a joint safekeeping agreement with Zapata National Bank of Zapata, Texas.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; (3) collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; (4) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; and (5) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent.

The County did not have any investments during the year or at September 30, 2022.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing deposits and investments for the County are specified below:

County Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

Credit Risk. In accordance with state law and County's investment policy, investments in mutual funds and investment pools must be rated at least AAA, commercial paper must be rated at least A-1 or P-1, and investments in obligations from other states, municipalities, countries, etc. must be rated at least A. The County's investments in investment pools were rated AAA. To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations, the County limits investments in investment pools to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of September 30, 2022, the County had no investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The County does not place a limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. The County does not have a concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the County requires at least half of the investment portfolio to have maturities of less than one year on a weighted average maturity basis. The County does not have an interest rate risk.

# B. Interfund Activity

Interfund balances at September 30, 2022 consisted of the following individual fund balances:

Due to General Fund	\$ 8,696,124	
Due to Special Revenues	167,022	
- -	\$ 8,863,146	Total Governmental Activities
Due from General Fund	\$ -	
Due from Special Revenues	3,265,031	
Due from Debt Services	1,268,742	
•	4,533,773	Total Governmental Activities
Due from Proprietary Funds	4,329,373	
•	\$ 8,863,146	•
<del>-</del>		

Interfund activity in the statement of net position is netted and presented as internal balances.

# C. Receivables

Receivables at September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Property		Other		Total	
	Taxes		Receivables		Receivables	
General Fund	\$	2,815,681	\$	-	\$	2,815,681
Debt Service		781,149		-		781,149
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		256,772		839,283		1,096,055
Water Plant		-		971,169		971,169
Sewer Plant		-		416,215		416,215
Total Receivables	\$	3,853,603	\$	2,226,667	\$	6,080,270
Allowance for Uncollectible		(385,360)		(428,914)		(814,274)
Total Receivables, net				•	\$	5,265,995

#### D. Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the County for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retireme	ents	Balance
Capital assets no being depreciated					
Land	\$ 1,554,640	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,554,640
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,554,640	-		-	1,554,640
Capital assets being depreciated					
Furniture and Equipment	11,663,994	2,088,858		-	13,752,852
Buildings and Improvements	55,613,522	-			55,613,522
Infrastructure	21,144,582	2,485,978		-	23,630,560
Total capital assets being depreciated	88,422,097	4,574,836		-	92,996,933
Less: Accumulated Depreciation					
Depreciable Assets	36,350,411	2,004,018		-	38,354,429
Total Accumulated Depreciation	36,350,411	2,004,018		-	38,354,429
Total Capital Assets Depreciated,net	52,071,686	2,570,818		-	54,642,504
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,net	\$ 53,626,326	\$ 2,570,818	\$	-	\$ 56,197,144

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	2022
General Government	200,402
Public safety	601,205
Infrastructure and environmental services	1,002,009
Health and human services	200,402
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 2,004,018

Business-type Activities	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Capital assets no being depreciated				
Land	\$ 765,201			\$ 765,201
Total capital assets not being depreciate	765,201	.=.	-	765,201
Capital assets being depreciated				
Furniture and Equipment	3,117,292			3,117,292
Buildings and Improvements	2,212,854			2,212,854
Infrastructure	46,884,411			46,884,411
Total capital assets being depreciated	52,214,557	-	-	52,214,557
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Depreciable Assets	18,368,243	1,245,262		19,613,505
Total Accumulated Depreciation	18,368,243	1,245,262	-	19,613,505
Total Capital Assets Depreciated,net	33,846,314	(1,245,262)	-	32,601,052
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,net	\$ 34,611,515	\$ (1,245,262)	\$ -	\$ 33,366,253

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities functions as follows:

	2022
Water Plant	660,759
Sewer Plant	584,503
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,245,262

#### E. Long-term debt

Governmental Activities:

<u>Combined Tax & Revenue Certificate of Obligation Bonds, Series 2013:</u> The bond was issued in the amount of \$1,500,000 at an interest rate of 3.75% per annum with principal amounts payable February 15 and interest payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan is as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30,	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 105,000	\$ 24,281
2024	110,000	20,250
2025	115,000	16,031
2026	120,000	11,625
2027	125,000	7,031
2028	 125,000	2,344
Totals	\$ 700,000	\$ 81,563

<u>Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2017:</u> The bond was issued in the amount of \$8,265,000 at an interest rate ranging from 3.00% to 4.00% per annum with principal amounts payable February 15 and interest payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan is as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30,	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 925,000	\$ 123,125
2024	955,000	94,925
2025	990,000	60,800
2026	1,025,000	20,500
Totals	\$ 3,895,000	\$ 299,350

<u>Certificates of Obligation, Series 2019:</u> The bond was issued in the amount of \$2,200,000 at an interest rate of 2.79% per annum with principal amounts payable February 15 and interest payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan is as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30,	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 125,000	\$ 47,918
2024	130,000	44,361
2025	135,000	40,664
2026	140,000	36,828
2027	140,000	32,922
2028-2032	775,000	102,184
2033-2034	335,000	9,416
Totals	\$ 1,780,000	\$ 314,294

<u>Certificates of Obligation, Series 2021:</u> The bond was issued in the amount of \$4,270,000 at an interest rate of 1.59% per annum with principal amounts payable February 15 and interest payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan is as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30,	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 470,000	\$ 56,604
2024	480,000	49,052
2025	490,000	41,340
2026	495,000	33,509
2027	500,000	25,599
2028-2032	925,000	58,393
2033-2037	435,000	13,952
Totals	\$ 3,795,000	\$ 278,449

<u>Zapata National Bank Loan:</u> A loan was obtained to purchase election equipment in the original amount of \$172,121 with current balance of \$74768. The loan had an original interest rate of 4.5% adjustable on a quarterly basis. The next payment scheduled to be made within one year is \$36,807.

#### **Capital Leases**

The County has entered into several lease-purchase agreements for various pieces of equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (title transfers at the end of the lease terms) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

\$196,402 - American National Leasing Company for the purchase of 5 - 2019 PPV Tahoe's with Emergency Equipment. Payments are due in 3 annual installments in varying amounts. The first installment is due April 26, 2020 and the last installment due April 26, 2022. Interest is at 4.49% per annum.

Total Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 81,934
Plus Amount Representing Interest	3,160
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 85,094
Payments Due within One Year	\$ 58,638

All bonds constitute direct obligations of the County, payable from the levy and collection of a direct and continuing ad valorem tax, within the limits prescribed by law, on all taxable property located within the County.

All bonds may be prepaid or redeemed prior to their respective scheduled due dates as per provisions in the bond agreements.

There were no authorized and unissued general obligation bonds at September 30, 2022. The County is in compliance with all bond covenants on outstanding general obligation bonded debt.

#### Business-type Activities:

<u>Texas Water Development Board, Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (DWSRF) Loan Series, 2006:</u> The bond was issued in the amount of \$14,826,000 at an interest rate of 0% per annum with principal amounts due on February 15.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan is as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	
2023	\$ 494,000	\$	-
2024	494,000		-
2025	494,000		-
2026	494,000		
2027	494,000		
2028-2032	2,470,000		-
2033-2037	2,470,000		-
2038-2040	1,483,000		-
Totals	\$ 8,893,000	\$	-

<u>Texas Water Development Board, CWSRF Loan Series, 2008:</u> The bond was issued in the amount of \$6,415,000 at an interest rate of 0% per annum with principal amounts due on February 15.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan is as follows:

Year Ending			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	
2023	\$ 320,000	\$	-
2024	320,000		-
2025	320,000		-
2026	320,000		
2027	320,000		
2028-2032	1,605,000		-
Totals	\$ 3,205,000	\$	-

<u>USDA Waterworks and Sewer Revenue Bonds Loan, Series, 2014:</u> The bond was issued in the amount of \$904,000 at an interest rate of 2.375% per annum with principal amounts due on August 15.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan is as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30,	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 17,000	\$ 18,644
2024	17,000	18,240
2025	17,000	17,836
2026	18,000	17,433
2027	18,000	17,005
2028-2032	99,000	78,304
2033-2037	110,000	66,049
2038-2042	124,000	52,298
2043-2047	140,000	36,836
2048-2052	157,000	19,428
2053-2054	68,000	2,423
Totals	\$ 785,000	\$ 344,494

<u>USDA Waterworks and Sewer Revenue Bonds Loan, Series, 2017A:</u> The bond was issued in the amount of \$4,800,000 at an interest rate of 2.375% per annum with principal amounts due on August 15.

Year Ending		
September 30,	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 80,000	\$ 108,419
2024	85,000	106,519
2025	85,000	104,500
2026	90,000	102,481
2027	90,000	100,344
2028-2032	480,000	468,825
2033-2037	545,000	408,738
2038-2042	610,000	341,169
2043-2047	685,000	265,169
2048-2052	765,000	180,025
2053-2057	865,000	84,431
2058	101,636	4,394
Totals	\$ 4,481,636	\$ 2,275,013

<u>USDA Waterworks and Sewer Revenue Bonds Loan, Series, 2017B:</u> The bond was issued in the amount of \$2,139,091 at an interest rate of 2.375% per annum with principal amounts due on August 15.

Year Ending		
September 30,	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 67,000	\$ 88,754
2024	68,000	87,163
2025	70,000	85,548
2026	72,000	83,885
2027	73,000	82,175
2028-2032	395,000	383,919
2033-2037	444,000	334,709
2038-2042	498,000	279,466
2043-2047	560,000	217,455
2048-2052	630,000	147,725
2053-2057	708,000	69,279
2058	83,828	3,610
Totals	\$ 3,668,828	\$ 1,863,686

<u>Digital Water Meters Loan:</u> The loan has an origination date of November 18, 2019 with an original balance of \$1,082,544 with an interest rate of 2.82% per annum with principal amounts due on annually on November 18.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the loan is as follows:

Year Ending				
September 30,	Principal			Interest
2023	\$	103,321	\$	24,938
2024		106,235		22,024
2025		109,231		19,028
2026		112,311		15,948
2027		115,478		12,781
2028-2029		337,749		18,434
Totals	\$	884,325	\$	113,154

<u>San Ygnacio MUD Loan #5093392427:</u> A loan was obtained for MUD improvements in the original amount of \$97,912 with current balance of \$344,040. The loan had an original interest rate of 3.60% adjustable on a quarterly basis.

<u>San Ygnacio MUD Loan #5093392428:</u> A loan was obtained for MUD improvements in the original amount of \$525,944 with current balance of \$22,118. The loan had an original interest rate of 3.60% adjustable on a quarterly basis

All loans constitute direct obligations of the County, payable from the revenues derived from the Water and Sewer collections, within the limits prescribed by law, on all taxable property located within the County.

All loans may be prepaid or redeemed prior to their respective scheduled due dates as per provisions in the bond agreements.

#### F. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Beginning					Ending	Due Within	Due After
	Balance		Add	ditions	R	Reductions	Balance	One year	One Year
Combined Tax & Revenue C/O, Series 2013	\$	800,000			\$	100,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 105,000	\$ 595,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017		4,790,000				895,000	3,895,000	925,000	2,970,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2019		1,905,000				125,000	1,780,000	125,000	1,655,000
Certificates of Obligation, Series 2021		4,270,000				475,000	3,795,000	470,000	3,325,000
Zapata National Bank		74,768				35,504	39,264	39,264	-
Capital Leases		142,333				60,399	81,934	58,638	23,296
Compensated Absences		525,476		47,101			572,577	-	572,577
Land Closure & Postclosure Costs		918,127		54,170			972,297	-	972,297
Total	\$	13,425,704	\$	101,271	\$	1,690,903	\$11,836,072	\$ 1,722,902	\$10,113,170

#### Business-Type Activities:

	Beginning						Ending	Dι	ue Within		Due After
	Balance	Ad	ditions	F	Reductions		Balance	C	ne year	(	One Year
TX Water Dev. Board EDAP Series, 2006	\$ 9,387,000			\$	494,000	\$	8,893,000	\$	494,000	\$	8,399,000
TX Water Dev. Board CWSRF Series, 2008	3,525,000				320,000		3,205,000		320,000		2,885,000
TX Waterworks and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2014	801,000				16,000		785,000		17,000		768,000
USDA Series 2017A (Sewer Plant)	4,561,636				80,000		4,481,636		80,000		4,401,636
USDA Series 2017B (Sewer Plant)	3,733,828				67,000		3,666,828		67,000		3,599,828
San Ygnacio MUD Loan #5093392427	380,695				36,655		344,040		344,040		-
San Ygnacio MUD Loan #5093392428	36,621				14,503		22,118		22,118		-
Digital Water Meters Loan	984,813				100,487		884,326		103,321		781,004
Compensated Absences	85,625		1,541		-		87,166		-		87,166
Total	23,496,218		1,541		1,128,646	2	22,369,113	1	1,447,479	2	20,921,634
Grand Total	\$ 36,921,922	\$	102,812	\$	2,819,549	\$3	34,205,185	\$ 3	3,170,381	\$3	31,034,804

#### G. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Texas County and District Retirement System

Plan Description & Terms

Zapata County participates in the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, agent multiple employer, public employee retirement system.

- 1) All full-time and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.
- 2) The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits.
- 3) TCDRS is a savings-based plan. For the county's plan, 7% of each employee's pay is deposited in his or her TCDRS account. By law, employees accounts earn 7% interest on the beginning of year balances annually. At retirement, the account is matched at an employer set percentage (current match is 225%) and is then converted to an annuity.
- 4) There are no automatic COLAs. Each year, the county may elect an ad hoc COLA for its retirees (if any). There are two COLA types, each limited by actual inflation.

- 5) Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. They may be amended as of Jan. 1 each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.
- 6) Membership information is shown in chart below.

#### Membership Information

Members	Dec	. 31, 2020	Dec	. 31, 2021
Number of inactive employees entitled				
to but not yet receiving benefits:		203		206
Number of active employees:		257		278
Average monthly salary	\$	2,736	\$	2,723
Average age		44.61		43.97
Average length of service		12.13		11.67
				_
Inactive Employees (or their Beneficiari	es) Re	ceiving Bene	efits	
Number of benefit recipients:		169		175
Average monthly benefit:	\$	1,203	\$	1,231

The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide, agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at PO Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034 and can also be found at the following link, <a href="https://www.tcdrs.org">www.tcdrs.org</a>.

#### **Funding Policy**

The county's contribution rate is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, although the employer may elect to contribute at a higher rate. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members The Zapata County contribution rate is based on the TCDRS funding policy adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees and must conform with the TCDRS Act. The employee contribution rates are set by the county and are currently 7%. Contributions to the pension plan from the county for 2021 is 8.2%

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#### Schedule of Employer Contribution

									Actu	al	
Year	Ac	tuarially			(	Contribution			Contribut	ion as	
Ending	De	termined	Actua	al Employer		Deficiency	F	ensionable	a % of Covered		
December 31	Co	ntribution	Co	ntribution	tion (Excess)		S) Covered Payroll		Payr	oll	
2012	\$	899,883	\$	899,967	\$	(83)	\$	10,284,382		8.8%	
2013		853,881		853,998		(117)		9,291,417		9.2%	
2014		887,889		887,889		-		9,125,238		9.7%	
2015		792,295		792,295		-		8,583,873		9.2%	
2016		710,859		710,859		-		8,050,425		8.8%	
2017		698,417		698,417		-		7,751,511		9.0%	
2018		811,291		811,291		-		8,381,030		9.7%	
2019		776,563		776,563		-		8,647,643		9.0%	
2020		929,096		929,096		-		9,347,031		9.9%	
2021		921,431		921,431		-		9,205,095		10.0%	
2021		921,431		921,431		-		9,205,095		10.0%	

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#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions are as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31,

two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age (level percentage of pay)

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 18.9 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2021

valuation)

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including inflation.

Investment return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to

commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at

service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of the

Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100%

of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Unanges in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer

Contributions\*

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions

Employer Contributions\*

Reflected in the Schedule of

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2019: No Changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2020: No Changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2021: No Changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

Under GASB 68, the County is required to recognize specific pension amounts, which include Net Pension Liability (NPL), deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense. The Total Pension Liability (TPL) (present value of actuarially determined pension benefits) less the value of the assets available in the plan to pay the pension benefits (Fiduciary Net Position or FNP) results in the NPL; this NPL will appear on the County's Statement of Net Position. The County's NPL was measured as of December 31, 2021 and the TPL used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Valuation and Measurement Date, December 31, 2021

	Dec	ember 31, 2021
Total Pension Liability	\$	65,807,031
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		72,907,507
Net Pension Liability / (Asset)	\$	(7,100,476)
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability		110.79%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	9,205,095
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll		-77.14%

A schedule of Net Pension Liability, in addition to the information above, includes multi-year trend information (beginning with 2014) and is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section.

#### **Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability**

Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios as of December 31, 2021 are presented below:

Total pension liability	2021
Service Cost	\$ 1,332,761
Interest on the total pension liability	4,765,295
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	-
Change of assumptions	136,426
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(427,404)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,687,850)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	3,119,228
Total Pension Liability-Beginning	62,687,803
Total Pension Liability- Ending (a)	\$ 65,807,031

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#### **Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Contributions- Employer Contributions- Member Net Investment Income	\$ 921,431 644,357 13,236,291
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other	(2,687,850) (39,444) (15,032)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	12,059,753
Plan Fiduciary Net Position- Beginning	 60,847,754
Plan Fiduciary Net Position- Ending (b)	\$ 72,907,507
Net Pension Liability- Ending (a) - (b)	\$ (7,100,476)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	110.79%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 9,205,095
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	-77.14%

#### **Pension Expense**

Below is the Schedule of Pension Expense as of December 31, 2021:

#### Pension Expense

	2021
Total Service Cost	\$ 1,332,761
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	4,765,295
Effect of Plan Changes	-
Current Period Benefit Changes	-
Employee Contributions (Reduction of Expense)	-
Projected Earnings on Plan Investments (Reduction of Expense)	-
Administrative Expense	39,444
Member Contributions	(644,357)
Expected Investment return net of investment expenses	(4,580,539)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources	
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(242,340)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	979109
Recognition of investment gains and losses	(2,391,684)
Other	15032
Total Pension Expense	\$ (727,280)

#### **Schedule of Deferred Outflow and Inflows of Resources**

Original Amount	Date Established	Original Recognition Period	Amount Recognized in 12/31/2021 Expense	Balance of Deferred Inflows 12/31/2021	Balance of Deferred Outflows 12/31/2021
Invetsment (gains) or losses			-		
\$(8,655,752	) 12/31/2021	5.0	\$(1,731,150)	\$6,924,602	\$ -
(1,274,351	) 12/31/2020	5.0	(254,870)	764,611	-
(4,086,941	) 12/31/2019	5.0	(817,388)	1,634,777	-
4,991,070	12/31/2018	5.0	998,214	-	998,214
(2,932,446	) 12/31/2017	5.0	(586,490)	-	-
Economic/ Demographic (gains) (427,404	) 12/31/2021	4.0	(106,851)	320,553	-
(140,214	,	4.0	(35,054)	70,106	-
89,703		5.0	17,941	-	35,880
(3,008	,	5.0	(602)	600	-
(588,866	) 12/31/2017	5.0	(117,774)	-	-
Assumption changes or inputs					
136,426	12/31/2021	4.0	34,107	-	102,319
3,800,470	12/31/2020	4.0	950,118	-	1,900,234
-	12/31/2019	5.0	-	-	-
-	12/31/2018	5.0	-	-	-
(25,572	) 12/31/2017	5.0	(5,116)	-	-

Employer contributions made subsequent to measurement date
-----Employer Determined------

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended Decemb	er 31:	
	2022	\$ (945,533)
	2023	(1,943,150
	2024	(2,058,767)
	2025	(1,731,152)
	2026	-
Thereafter		-

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contribution will be made at the rates specified in statue. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.60%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.60%	7.60%	8.60%
Total Pension Liability	\$75,140,274	\$ 65,807,031	\$58,072,562
Fiduciay Net Position	72,907,507	72,907,507	72,907,507
Net pension liability/asset	2,232,767	(7,100,476)	(14,834,945)

#### **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

Plan Description

A description of the OPEB plan pursuant to Paragraph 40 of GASB Statement No. 68 is as follow:

- a. Zapata County participates in the retiree Group Term Life program for the Texas County District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a state-wide, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system.
- b. A brief description of benefit terms:
  - 1. All full- and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year and are eligible for the TCDRS pension plan. Only employers that have elected participation in the retiree Group Term Life program are included in the OPEB plan.
  - 2. The plan provides a \$5,000 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries of service retirees and disability retirees of employers that have elected participation in the retiree GTL program.
  - 3. The OPEB benefit is a fixed \$5,000 lump-sum benefit.
  - 4. No future increases are assumed in the \$5,000 benefit amount.
  - 5. Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of Jan. 1 each year.
- c. Membership information is shown in the chart below.
- d. Contributions made to the retiree GTL Program are held in the GTL Fund. The GTL fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB 75, as the assets of the GTL fund can be used to pay active GTL benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan.

e. Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage Jan. 1 each year. The county's contribution rate for the retiree GTL program is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, and is equal to the cost of providing a one-year death benefit equal to \$5,000.

#### Membership Information

Members	Dec. 31, 2020	Dec. 31, 2021
Number of inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits:	55	48
Number of active employees:	257	278
Average age of active employees:	44.61	
Average length of service in years for active employes:	12.13	11.67
Inactive Employees Receiving Benefits		
Number of benefit recipients:	147	150

#### Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance as of December 31, 2020		iges in Total EB Liability 861,239
balance as of December 31, 2020	φ	001,239
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		24,627
Interest on total OPEB liability		18,596
Changes of benefit terms		-
Effect of economic/demographic experience		(33,332)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		14,873
Benefit payments		(17,490)
Other		-
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	868,513
		_
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	9,205,095
• •		
Net OPEB Liability as % of covered payroll		9.44%

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the total OPEB Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 2.06%, as well as what Zapata County Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is 1% point lower (1.06%) or 1% point higher (3.06%) than the current rate. Note that the healthcare cost trend rate does not affect the Total OPEB Liability, so sensitivity to the healthcare cost trend rate is not shown.

#### **Sensitivity Analysis**

1%	Current Discount	
Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
1.06%	2.06%	3.06%

Total OPEB Liability \$ 1,065,345 \$ 868,513 \$ 718,158

#### **OPEB Expense**

OPEB Expense / (Income)	y 1, 2021 to ber 31, 2021
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Effect of plan changes Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses Recognition of assumption changes or inputs Other	\$ 24,627 18,596 - (8,305) 38,871
OPEB expense / (income)	\$ 73,789

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Year	ended	December	31:
--	------	-------	----------	-----

2022	\$ 30,566
2023	30,564
2024	39,698
2025	12,241
2026	-
Thereafter	-

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#### Schedule of Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

				Amount		
			Re	ecognized	Balance of	Balance of
		Oı	riginal	in	Deferred	Deferred
Origin	nal [	Date Rec	ognition 12	2/31/2021	Inflows	Outflows
Amou	ınt Esta	blished P	eriod E	Expense	12/31/2021	12/31/2021
Investment (gains) or loss	ses					
(33,	,332) 12/3	31/2021	5.0 \$	(6,666)	26,666	-
(1,	,955) 12/3	31/2020	6.0	(326)	1,303	-
5,	,513 12/3	31/2019	6.0 \$	919	-	2,756
5,	,028 12/3	31/2018	6.0	838	-	1,676
(21,	,490) 12/3	31/2017	7.0	(3,070)	6,140	-
Assumption changes or i	nputs					
14,	,873 12/3	31/2021	5.0	2,975	-	11,898
97,	,576 12/3	31/2020	6.0	16,263	-	65,050
159,	,214 12/3	31/2019	6.0	26,536	-	79,606
(67,	,577) 12/3	31/2018	6.0	(11,263)	22,525	-
30,	,517 12/3	31/2017	7.0	4,360	-	8,717

Employer contributions made subsequent to measurement date

-----Employer Determined-----

#### **Discount Rate**

	2020	2021
Discount rate	2.12%	2.06%
Municipal bond rate	2.12%	2.06%

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#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

All actuarial assumptions and methods that determined the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2021 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 - December 31, 2020, except where required to be different by GASB 75.

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a

calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Level Percent of Salary

**Amortization Method** 

Recognition of economic/demographic

gain or losses Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life

Recognition of assumptions changes or

inputs Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life

Asset valuation method Does not apply

Inflation Does not apply

See Table 1. Note that salary increase do not affect benefits but

are used in the allocation of costs under the actuarial cost

Salary Increases method.

Investment Rate of Return 2.06%

(Discount Rate) 20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com

as of December 31, 2021.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment Does not apply

Other Key Actuarial Assumptions

Beginning Date Ending Date
Valuation date 31-Dec-20 31-Dec-21
Measurement date 31-Dec-20 31-Dec-21
Employer's Fiscal Year 1-Oct-21 30-Sep-22

#### H. Subsequent Events

The County evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to September 30, 2022 through the date the financial statements were issued. During this period, there are no subsequent events that require recognition in the financial statements.

#### I. Contingent Liabilities

#### Litigation:

Various lawsuits are pending against the County involving general liability, civil rights actions and various contractual matters. In the opinion of County management, the potential claims against the County not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation will not materially affect the financial position of the County.

#### J. Risk Management

The County's risk management program includes coverage for property, general liability, automobile liability, law enforcement liability, public officials' liability and employee dishonesty bonds. The County carries commercial insurance.

#### K. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs Liability

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place final covers on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste at these sites. The County will also be required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for thirty years at the landfill site.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 18, "Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs," addresses the financial statement effect of complying with EPA and state requirements. GASB Statement 18 requires that all closure and postclosure care costs be recognized during the operating life of the landfill. Accordingly, a portion of the total estimated closure and postclosure care costs, based on the ratio of landfill capacity, should be recognized as an expense and/or liability each period the landfill accepts waste.

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care costs. The County established a separate account in October 1997 for these purposes. It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be paid in part from interest earnings on this account. However, if additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example) or interest earnings are inadequate, these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future tax revenue. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs in the amount of \$972,297 are recorded on the statement of net position to reflect the estimated liability for these costs.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

#### ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS GENERAL FUND

#### STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

							ariance with nal Budget
	Budgeted	Amo	unts	Act	tual Amounts,		Positive
	Original		<u>Final</u>	Bu	dgetary Basis	(	Negative)
REVENUES							
TAXES:							
PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 6,599,613	\$	6,599,613	\$	6,603,538	\$	3,925
SALES & MISCELLANEOUS TAXES	2,200,000		2,200,000		1,995,750		(204,250)
PENALTY AND INTEREST ON TAXES	175,000		175,000		343,085		168,085
FRANCHISE TAXES	35,000		35,000		40,123		5,123
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND GRANTS	199,367		199,367		2,345,297		2,145,930
LICENSES AND PERMITS	1,000		1,000		7,514		6,514
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	112,490		112,490		156,538		44,048
FEES AND FINES	-		-		-		-
INTEREST	32,000		32,000		51,976		19,976
MISCELLANEOUS	4,633,500		4,633,500		5,661,388		1,027,888
TOTAL REVENUES	13,987,970		13,987,970		17,205,209		3,217,239
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:							
CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT	4.748.933		4,745,898		5,772,590		(1,026,692)
JUDICIAL	4,746,933 1,347,378		1,350,413		1,283,889		66,524
PUBLIC SAFETY	4,736,366		4,827,310		4,756,041		71,269
INFRASTRUCTURE & ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICE	111,328		111,328		99,301		12,027
CORRECTIONS & REHABILITATION	2,387,533		2,456,909		2,582,673		(125,764)
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	1,102,408		1,102,408		1,087,696		14,712
COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	402,355		402,355		406,927		(4,572)
CAPITAL OUTLAY	-		-		501,419		(501,419)
DEBT SERVICE:					001,110		(001,110)
PRINCIPAL	189,500		189,500		95,903		93,597
INTEREST	-		-		12,848		(12,848)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,025,801		15,186,121		16,599,287		(1,413,166)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,037,831)		(1,198,151)		605,922		1,804,073
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES							
OPERATING TRANSFERS IN	-		90,000		90,000		-
OPERATING TRANSFERS OUT	(516,953)		(541,953)		(424,946)		117,007
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES	(516,953)		(451,953)		(334,946)		117,007
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,554,784)		(1,650,104)		270,976		1,921,080
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING (RESTATED)	12,313,049		12,313,049		12,313,049		-
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	-				-		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 10,758,265	\$	10,662,945	\$	12,584,025	\$	1,921,080

## ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2022

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

						20 20 400			
Total		2000	0000	0.00	rear Erided December 31	sceriiber 3.1	0,00	3004	7,700
lotal pension liability		707		2019					
Service Cost Interest on the total pension liability	↔	1,332,761 4,765,295	\$ 1,230,360 4,510,185	\$ 1,176,761 4,240,141	\$ 1,133,919 3,990,506	\$ 1,150,842 3,809,574	\$ 1,263,648 3,570,271	\$ 1,351,831 3,418,454	\$ 1,373,043 3,194,801
Changes of benefit terms		•	1	•	1	1		(227,680)	1
Difference between expected and actual experience		136 126	- 3 800 470		•	- (25, 572)		340.008	
Citatige of assauripations  Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(427,404)	(140,214)	89,703	(3,008)	(588,866)	(424,189)	(1,130,757)	(254,397)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,687,850)	(2,283,402)	(2,171,447)	(1,996,650)	(2,190,235)	(1,790,918)	(1,768,063)	(1,432,411)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		3,119,228	7,117,399	3,335,158	3,124,767	2,155,743	2,618,812	1,983,793	2,881,036
Total Pension Liability-Beginning Total Pension Liability- Ending (a)	<del>\$</del>	62,687,803 65,807,031	55,570,404 \$ 62,687,803	52,235,246 \$ 55,570,404	49,110,479 \$ 52,235,246	46,954,736 \$ 49,110,479	44,335,924 \$ 46,954,736	42,352,131 \$ 44,335,924	39,471,095 \$ 42,352,131
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions- Employer	↔	921,431	\$ 929,096	\$ 776,563	\$ 811,291	\$ 698,417	\$ 710,859	\$ 792,295	\$ 887,889
Contributions- Member		644,357	654,292	605,335	586,672	542,606	563,530	608,512	638,767
Net Investment Income		13,236,291	5,767,240	7,997,364	(943,549)	6,518,884	3,126,760	(648,125)	2,727,093
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,687,850)	(2,283,402)	(2,171,447)	(1,996,650)	(2,190,235)	(1,790,918)	(1,768,063)	(1,432,411)
Administrative expense		(39,444)	(44,523)	(42,552)	(39,111)	(33,443)	(33,979)	(30,800)	(32,339)
Other		(15,032)	(15,180)	(19,253)	(12,785)	(13,036)	(43,660)	(59,165)	(13,753)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		12,059,753	5,007,522	7,146,010	(1,594,132)	5,523,191	2,532,592	(1,105,347)	2,775,246
Plan Fiduciary Net Position- Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position- Ending (h)	<del>U</del>	72 907 507	\$ 60 847 753	\$ 55 840 232	\$ 48 694 222	44,765,164 \$ 50 288 354	42,232,572 \$ 44 765 164	43,337,918	40,562,673 \$ 43,337,919
Net Pension Liability- Ending (a) - (b)	φ	(7,100,476)	\$ 1,840,050		\$ 3,541,024	\$ (1,177,875)	\$ 2,189,573	\$ 2,103,353	\$ (985,788)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		110.79%	97.06%	100.49%	93.22%	102.40%	95.34%	95.26%	102.33%
Covered Employee Payroll	↔	9,205,095	\$ 9,347,031	\$ 8,647,643	\$ 8,381,030	\$ 7,751,511	\$ 8,050,425	\$ 8,583,873	\$ 9,125,238
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		-77.14%	19.69%	-3.12%	42.25%	-15.20%	27.20%	24.50%	-10.80%

## ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Total pension liability				Year E	ndec	Year Ended December 31	er 3	<u></u>		
		2021	C/	2020		2019		2018		2017
Service cost	s	24,627	s	22,271 \$		15,167 \$	s	17,717 \$	s	15,289
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)		18,596		20,644		22,965		20,713		21,428
Changes of benefit terms		•		•		•		•		•
Difference between expected and actual experience										
Changes of assumptions		14,873		97,576	`	159,214		(67,577)		30,517
Changes of economic/demographic (gains) or losses		(33,332)		(1,955)		5,513		5,028		(21,490)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(17,490)		(16,825)		(16,431)		(14,248)		(11,627)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		7,274	`	121,711		186,428		(38,367)		34,117
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		861,239	-	739,528	۷,	553,100		591,467		557,350
Total Pension Liability - Ending	<del>S</del>	868,513	\$	861,239	\$	739,528	\$	553,100	<del>S</del>	591,467
Covered Employee Payroll	°, 6 8	205,095	\$ 9,3	347,031	\$8,6	647,643	<del>\$</del>	\$ 9,205,095 \$ 9,347,031 \$ 8,647,643 \$ 8,381,030 \$ 7,751,511	\$ 2	751,511
net Oreb Liability as a reformage of Covered Employee Payroll		9.44%		9.21%		8.55%		%09'9		7.63%



ZAPATA COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Courthouse			3 74,073	2,869	93,763	30 98,351	(24,278)	37) (24,278)	13 74,073
Hotel/ Motel	144,393		144,393		167,780	167,780	(23,387)	(23,387)	144,393
Sheriff	27,954		27,954		273,830	273,830	(245,876)	(245,876)	27,954
Child/Adult Care Food & Sheriff Summer Foo, Forfeiture	3,586		3,586				3,586	3,586	3,586
Nutrition		11,015	11,015	6,237		11,015			11,015
Information & Assistance Program	4,759		4,759	1,322	1,416	4,759			4,759
Lower Border Security		32,677	32,677		32,677	32,677			32,677
Emergency Management Fire Marshal	12	. 17,536	17,548	13,103		17,548			17,548
Task v	8	64,642	64,644	743	121,036	125,776	(61,132)	(61,132)	64,644
Families First Coronavirus Relief Act		12,782	12,782	2,371	18,207	20,578	(7,796)	(7,796)	12,782
Fi Lateral C Road	44,932	864	45,796	4		4	45,792	45,792	45,796
Special Road and Bridge	1,315,087	231,095	1,546,182	17,745 28,642	965,231 231,095	1,242,713	303,469	303,469	1,546,182
	ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	Receivables (net of allowance) Due from Other Funds	Total Assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Payable	Overainage i syaute Due to Other Funds Uneamed Revenues	Total Liabilities	Fund Balances: Restricted: General Government Public Safety Justice System Health & Human Services Infrastructure & Environmental Services Community and Econcomic Development Capital Outlay Debt Service	Unassigned Total Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

ZAPATA COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Juvenile Probation ) Title IV-E	16,793	16,793		15,076	15,076	1,717		1,717	16,793
Sheriff Chapter 59	3,241	3,241				3,241		3,241	3,241
Sheriff Training	497	497		375	375	122		122	497
County Attorney Forfeiture	28,437	28,437				28,437		28,437	28,437
SW Texas Border HIDTA	5 42,802	42,807				42,807		42,807	42,807
i Records Managemeni	2,185	2,185	215	8,473	8,688	(6,503)		(6,503)	2,185
Records //anagemei Statute	16,604	16,604			,	16,604		16,604	16,604
Records № Managemeni	84,429	125,971	1,166		1,557	124,414		124,414	125,971
Records Archive M	158,744	158,744				158,744		158,744	158,744
Tobacco Settlement	134,889	134,889	787	68,933	69,720	65,169		65,169	134,889
Reserve 1991	14,740	14,740			,	14,740		14,740	14,740
Justice Court Technology	22,339	22,339	152	123,444	123,596	(101,257)		(101,257)	22,339
	ASSE IS Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (net of allowance) Due from Other Funds	Total Assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Accounts Payabe Accrued Wages Payable	Retainage Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenues	Total Liabilities	Fund Balances: Restricted: General Government Public Safety Justice System Health & Human Services Infrastructure & Environmental Services Community and Econcomic Development Capital Outlay	Unassigned	Total Fund Balances	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

ZAPATA COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

n	Juvenile Probation 303,624 303,624 400,503 400,503 440,503 (148,735) (148,735)	Juvenile Probation 303,624 303,624 400,503 400,503 440,503 (148,735) (148,735)	TJJD Mentoring Juvenile Prevention Work Force Probation Grant S 2710001 303,624 144,314 11,043 400,503 3,726 11,043 452,359 3,726 11,043 (148,735) 140,588 - (148,735) 140,588 - 333,624 144,314 11,043	TJJD Mentoring Regional Juvenile Prevention Work Force Diversion Probation Grant S 2710001 Grant R 303,624 144,314 11,043 400,503 3,726 11,043 10,202 452,359 3,726 11,043 10,202 (148,735) 140,588 - (10,202) 303,624 144,314 11,043 - (10,202)	SW Texas OCDETF	ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents 8,7	Receivables (net of allowance)  Due from Other Funds 35,463	Total Assets 44,227	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Payable	Retainage Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenues	TATA I i ahilifiae		Fund Balances: Restricted: General Government Public Safety Justice System Health & Human Services Infrastructure & Environmental Services Community and Econcomic Development Capital Outlay Debt Service	Unassigned	Total Fund Balances 44,227	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances 44,227
	2	2	TJJD Mentoring Prevention Work Force Grant S 2710001 24 144,314 11,043 59 3,726 11,043 59 3,726 11,043 59 140,588 55 140,588 65 66 66 744,314 11,043	TJJD Mentoring Regional Prevention Work Force Diversion Grant S 2710001 Grant R 24 144,314 11,043 10,202 3 3,726 11,043 10,202 5 3,726 11,043 10,202 5 3,726 11,043 10,202 5 3,726 11,043 10,202 5 3,726 11,043 10,202 5 140,588 - (10,202) 6 144,314 11,043 -	_	8,764	463			,			44,227			
	Regional Diversion Grant R  10,202  10,202  (10,202)		Texas Veterans Assistance 754 15,054 16,808 15,808		Operation Stonegarden	o	152,713	152,722	41,771	116,215	157 986	008, 101	(5,264)		(5,264)	152,722
Regional Texas Diversion Veterans Opera Grant R Assistance Stoneg 754 15,054 1,001 - 15,808 1 10,202 15,808 1 (10,202) - 15,808 - 1 - 15,808 - 15,808 - 15,808	Regional Texas Diversion Veterans Opera Grant R Assistance Stoneg 754 15,054 1,001 - 15,808 1 10,202 15,808 1 (10,202) - 15,808 - 1 - 15,808 - 15,808 - 15,808	Texas Veterans Opera Assistance Stoneg 754 15,054 10,847 10,847 15,808 15,808 15,808 15,808	Stonegg Stonegg 15	Operation Stonegarden 9 152,713 152,722 116,215 (5,264) (5,264)	Border Star		17,800	17,800	155		1 7 7 7	8	17,645		17,645	17,800
Regional Texas  Diversion Veterans Operation B Grant R Assistance Stonegarden  754 9 15,054 152,713  - 15,808 152,722  10,202 15,808 157,986  10,202 15,808 157,986  (10,202) - (5,264)  (10,202) - (5,264)	Regional Texas  Diversion Veterans Operation B Grant R Assistance Stonegarden  754 9 15,054 152,713  - 15,808 152,722  10,202 15,808 157,986  10,202 15,808 157,986  (10,202) - (5,264)  (10,202) - (5,264)	Texas Veterans Operation B Assistance Stonegarden 754 9 15,054 152,713 15,808 152,722 10,847 116,215 10,847 116,215 15,808 157,986 15,986 15,808 157,986	Operation B Stonegarden 9 152,713 152,722 157,986 157,986 157,986 157,986 157,986 157,986 157,986		STEP				230	6,068	8 208	0,230	(6,298)		(6,298)	
Regional Texas  Oliversion Veterans Operation Border Start R  754 9  15,054 152,713  17,800  - 15,808 152,722 17,800  10,202 15,808 157,986 155  10,202 15,808 157,986 155  (10,202) - (5,264) 17,645  - 15,808 152,722 17,806  - 15,808 157,986 155	Regional Texas  Oliversion Veterans Operation Border Start R  754 9  15,054 152,713  17,800  - 15,808 152,722 17,800  10,202 15,808 157,986 155  10,202 15,808 157,986 155  (10,202) - (5,264) 17,645  - 15,808 152,722 17,806  - 15,808 157,986 155	Texas Veterans Operation Border Star Comegarden Star Comegarde	Operation Border Storegarden Star C 9 152,713 17,800 152,722 17,800 157,722 17,800 157,986 155 (5,264) 17,645	Border S Star C Star C 17,800 17,800 17,645 1,045 17,645 17,645 17,800 17,645 17,800 17,800	Operation Lone Star		283,085	283,085	12,109	270,976	283.085	203,003				283,085
Regional Texas         Operation Operation Star         Border         STEP Operation Operation Star         Operation Operation Star         Operation Operation Operation Star         Operation Operation Operation Star         Operation Operation Operation Star         Operation	Regional Texas         Operation Operation Star         Border         STEP Operation Operation Star         Operation Operation Star         Operation Operation Operation Star         Operation Operation Operation Star         Operation Operation Operation Star         Operation	Texas Veterans Operation Star STEP Operation Storegarden Star Grant Lon 754 9 17,800 - 2 15,054 152,713 17,800 - 2 15,808 152,722 17,800 - 2 15,808 157,986 155 6,298 2 15,808 157,986 17,645 (6,298)	Operation Border STEP Operation Star Grant Lon 9 152,713 17,800 - 2 152,722 17,800 - 2 116,215 6,088 2 157,986 155 6,298 2 157,986 17,645 (6,298)	Star STEP Ope Star Grant Lon 17,800 - 2 17,800 - 2 6,068 2 6,068 2 17,645 (6,298)	Operation Lone Star Border County		248,345	248,345	346 13,763	234,236	208 305	240,243				248,345
Regional Texas Grant To Diversion Veterans Operation Star Grant Lone Star Border Coulogs of the Star Star Grant Lone Star Border Coulogs of the Star Star Grant Lone Star Border Coulogs of the Star Star Grant Lone Star Border Coulogs of the Star Star Border Coulogs of the Star Star Star Star Star Star Star Star	Regional Texas Grant To Diversion Veterans Operation Star Grant Lone Star Border Coulogs of the Star Star Grant Lone Star Border Coulogs of the Star Star Grant Lone Star Border Coulogs of the Star Star Grant Lone Star Border Coulogs of the Star Star Border Coulogs of the Star Star Star Star Star Star Star Star	Texas         Operation Veterans Veterans         Operation Lone Star STEP Operation Lone Star Border Council Lone Star Border Cou	Operation Operation	Operation Star STEP Operation Lone Sta Star Grant Lone Star Border Cou  283,085 248  17,800 - 283,085 248  17,800 - 283,085 234  11,645 (6,298)  17,645 (6,298)  17,645 (6,298)  17,645 (6,298)  17,645 (6,298)	TXDOT											

ZAPATA COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Alamo Mira Flores 713521	Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (net of allowance)	Due from Other Funds	I otal Assets - I otal Assets - I ABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Payable	Retainage Payable Due to Other Funds Ilnaamed Ravienius	Total Liabilities	Fund Balances: Restricted:	General Government Public Safety	Justice System Health & Hirman Services	Infrastructure & Environmental Services	Community and Econcomic Development	Capital Outlay Debt Service	Unassigned	Total Fund Balances
b Bluff res Project :1 7214095														,
Truman Phelts 7215085						•								,
3rd, 4th & 7th Street Imp. C 7216511						1								
TWDB Colorado Fi Acres					303,289	303,289						(303,289)		(303,289)
Falcon Meza 7217511 CE						ı								
CDBG 18-19	7,685	7001	589,7		7,685	7,685								
ZAPATA M COUNTY			1	22,000	ı	22,000						(22,000)		(22,000)
TPWD TPWD MIRAFLORES.OS EBANOS PARK OLF COURS	18,450	6	18,450	18,450	,	18,450								
TPWD .OS EBANOS OLF COURE CO'S 2019	3,850	C	- 68,6	3,850		3,850								
TOTALS	2,566,209	167,022	3,803,609	201,482 60,716	3,265,031	3,758,324		300,203 (208,811)	(115,447)	349,261	(23,387)	(325,289)		45,285

3,803,609

18,450 3,850

7,685

**Total Liabilities and Fund Balances** 

ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Road and Bridge	Lateral Road	Families First Coronavirus Relief Act	Task Force	Emergency Management/ Fire Marshal	Lower Border Security	Information & Assistance Program	Nutrition Center	Child/Adult Care Food & Summer Food	Sheriff Forfeiture	Hotel/ Motel	Courthouse Security
REVENUES: Taxes:	0											
Property Taxes Penalty & Interest on Taxes	721,453 32,449	255 262									138 341	
Intergovernmental		11,693		104,832			25,250	245,677			5,00	
Licenses and Permits Charges for Services	416,159							5 688				
Fines and Forfeitures	274,106							5		88,411		6,777
Interest	4,380									15		
Total Revenues	1,572,756	12,210		104,832			25,250	251,365		88,426	138,341	6,777
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Public Safety Justice System Health & Human Services Infrastructure & Environmental Services Community & Economic Development	1,556,467			140,056	166,997		92,647	301,156		108,890		57,902
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	1,556,467		,	140,056	166,997		92,647	301,156		108,890		57,902
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	16,289	12,210	1	(35,224)	(166,997)	•	(67,397)	(49,791)	•	(20,464)	138,341	(51,125)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In Operation Transfers Out					169,621		68,052	51,210				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)  Net Change in Fund Balances	16,289	12,210		(35,224)	169,621		68,052 655	51,210		- (20,464)	138,341	(51,125)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	287,180	33,582	(7,796)	(25,908)	(2,624)		(655)	(1,419)	3,586	(225,412)	(161,728)	26,847
Fund Balance - End of Year	303,469	45,792	(7,796)	(61,132)	•		•	•	3,586	(245,876)	(23,387)	(24,278)

ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Justice Court Technology	Reserve	Tobacco	Records	Records	Records Management Statute	Records	SW Texas Border HIDTA	County Attorney Forfeiture	Sheriff	Sheriff Chapter 59	Juvenile Probation Title IV-E
REVENUES: Taxes: Property Taxes Penalty & Interest on Taxes HotsellMotel	5				5		5					
Installmental Intenses and Permits			48,972							5,144		
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Interest Miscellaneous	3,994			25,637	25,630		435		771		45,319 24	7
Total Revenues	3,994		48,972	25,637	25,630		435		780	5,144	45,343	11
EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Public Safety Justice System Health & Human Services Infrastructure & Environmental Services Community & Economic Development	15,523		11,305		22,059		2,396	(2, 107)	8,893	5,348	104,347	04
Capital Causy Total Expenditures	15,523		11,305		22,059		2,396	(2,107)	3,893	5,348	104,347	40
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(11,529)		37,667	25,637	3,571	•	(1,961)	2,107	(3,113)	(204)	(59,004)	(29)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1002.777		(90,000)						- (67.5)	-	1700 017	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(11,529)		(52,333)	25,637	3,571		(1,961)	2,107	(3,113)	(204)	(59,004)	(59)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	(89,728)	14,740	117,502	133,107	120,843	16,604	(4,542)	40,700	31,550	326	62,245	1,746
Fund Balance - End of Year	(101,257)	14,740	65,169	158,744	124,414	16,604	(6,503)	42,807	28,437	122	3,241	1,717

ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	TXDOT					,					
Operation	.≥	632,926	632,926	319,089	632,926	•					
	Operation Lone Star	283,085	283,085	4,700 272,911 5,474	283,085	•					
	STEP			4,137	4,137	(4,137)			(4,137)	(2,161)	(6,298)
	Border Star		,	14,418	14,418	(14,418)		- 44.0	(14,418)	32,063	17,645
	Operation	89,183	89,183	89,183	89,183					(5,264)	(5,264)
Техас	g e	4	15,054	15,054	15,054	•		•		•	,
Zeocional Legician	Diversion Grant R	2,269	2,269	2,269	2,269					(10,202)	(10,202)
Mentoring	Work Force 2710001					•					
CIT	Prevention Grant S					•			•	140,588	140,588
007,097, 200	Juvenile Probation	204,178	565 204,743	209,716	209,716	(4,973)		- (4.070)	(4,973)	(143,762)	(148,735)
0	SW Texas OCDETF					•		•	•	44,227	44,227
		REVENUES: Taxes: Property Taxes Penalty & Interest on Taxes Hotelfundotel Intergovernmental Licenses and Permits Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures	niterest Miscellaneous Total Revenues	EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Public Safety Justice System Health & Human Services Infrastructure & Environmental Services Control On the Author Services	Capital Cutal Total Expenditures	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Net Change in Fund Balances	Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	Fund Balance - End of Year

ZAPATA COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

TOTALS	721,708 32,711 138,341 1,690,563 416,159 57,390 419,378 4,339 124,774	3,605,463	79,348 1,225,416 294,777 420,162 1,556,467	- 609,126	4,185,296	(579,833)	424,946 (90,000)	334,946	290,172	45,285
CO'S 2019							136,063	136,063	(136,063)	
	3,850	3,850	3,850		3,850					
TPWD TPWD MIRAFLORES .OS EBANOS PARK OLF COURS	18,450	18,450	18,450		18,450					
ZAPATA N COUNTY			22,000		22,000	(22,000)		- (000 66)	(22,000)	(22,000)
CDBG 18-19					,	ı				1
Falcon Meza 7217511				•		ı		1		,
TWDB Colorado Acres	,	,	8,000	295,289	303,289	(303,289)		- (303 280)	- (202,202)	(303,289)
3rd, 4th & 7th Street Imp. 7216511					1					
Truman Phelts 7215085		1			•	•				
Bluff Project 7214095		1								
Alamo Mira Flores 713521					•	•				,
	REVENUES: Taxes: Property Taxes Property Taxes HerelMotel Intergovernmental Licenses and Permits Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Interest Miscellaneous	Total Revenues	EXPENDITURES: Current: General Government Public Safety Justice System Health & Human Services	Community & Economic Development Capital Outlay	Total Expenditures	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	Fund Balance - End of Year





Aaron Canales, CPA
Juan José Garza, CPA
† J. Clayton Baum, CPA
Guadalupe Garcia-Wright, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable County Judge And Honorable County Commissioners County of Zapata, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Zapata, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Zapata, Texas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 9, 2024.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Zapata, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Zapata, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Zapata, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Zapata, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Canala. Daya & Baum, PLLC

Laredo, Texas February 9, 2024



Aaron Canales, CPA
Juan José Garza, CPA
† J. Clayton Baum, CPA
Guadalupe Garcia-Wright, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE STATE OF TEXAS GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

To the Honorable County Judge and the Honorable County Commissioners Zapata County, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

#### Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited Zapata County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *State of Texas Grant Management Standards* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. The County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect one each of its major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of State of Texas Grant Management Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards and the State of Texas Grant Management Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion of the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *State of Texas Grant Management Standards* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the State of Texas Grant Management Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
  a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal over compliance in accordance with the State of Texas Grant Management Standards,
  but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal
  control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all

deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *State of Texas Grant Management Standards*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Laredo, Texas

Canala, Sarga & Baum, PLLC

### Zapata County, Texas Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### STATE GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/STATE GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE

STATE

GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	EXPENDITURES
STATE AWARDS	
Texas Juvenile Justice Department	
Rural Development	
Grant A	\$ 204,178
Grant R	2,269
Total Texas Juvenile Justice Department	206,447
Office of the Governor, Public Safety Office	
Operation Lone Star	283,085
Operation Lone Star Border County	632,926
Total Office of the Governor, Public Safety Office	916,011
Texas Parks and Wildlife Division	
Miraflores Park	18,450
Los Ebanos Golf Course	3,850
Golf Course Grant	675,710
Total Parks and Wildlife Division	698,010
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS	\$ 1,820,468

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS

#### NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the grant activity of Zapata County, Texas and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State of Texas Grant Management Standards, therefore some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the presentation of the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE B - 10% DE MINIMIS INDERECT COST RATE

Zapata County, Texas did elect to use the 10% De Minimis Inderect Cost Rate

#### Zapata County, Texas. Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2022

#### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

#### Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified	
Internal control over financial r Material weakness(es) Significant deficiencies not considered to be r	identified?	yes <u>X</u> no yes <u>X</u> none reporte	∍d
Noncompliance material to fina	ancial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no	
State Awards			
Internal Control over major pro- Material weakness(es) Significant deficiencies not considered to be r	identified?	yes <u>X</u> no yes <u>X</u> none reporte	эd
Type of auditors' report issued for major programs:	on compliance	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed the to be reported in accordance State of Texas Grant M	•	yes <u>X</u> no	
Identification of major programs	s:		
Number(s) Name	of State Program or Cluste	<u>er</u>	
None	Office of the Governor - C	Operation Lone Star Border County	
None	Texas Parks and Wildlife	Division – Golf Course Grant	
Dollar threshold used to disting between Type A and Type		<u>0,000</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk au	ıditee?	yes <u>X</u> no	
Section II - Financial Stateme	ent Findings		
None.			
Section III - State Award Find	lings and Questioned Co	osts	
None.			

#### Zapata County, Texas Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2022

**Summary of Prior Audit Findings** 

State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None.